



GENERAL ASSEMBLY

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY

2005 REGULAR SESSION

HOUSE BILL NO. 77

AS ENACTED

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 2, 2005

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TREY GRAYSON
SECRETARY OF STATE
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY
BY Gandie Adkinson

AN ACT relating to the dissemination of public information.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 15 IS CREATED TO
READ AS FOLLOWS:

(1) The Office of the Attorney General shall, within ninety (90) days of the effective date of this Act, and thereafter, within ninety (90) days of the effective date of any legislation amending the provisions of the Open Meetings Act or the Open Records Act, distribute to all county judge/executives, mayors, county attorneys, city attorneys, superintendents of public school districts, presidents of each of the state public postsecondary education institutions identified in KRS 161.220(4)(b) or 164.001(12) or (16), and attorneys of public school districts and public postsecondary education institutions throughout Kentucky written information prepared by the Office of the Attorney General that explains the procedural and substantive provisions of the Open Meetings Act, KRS 61.805 to 61.850, and the Open Records Act, KRS 61.870 to 61.884, together with the information required by Section 2 of this Act to be prepared by the Department for Libraries and Archives concerning proper retention and management of public records. This distribution may be by electronic means.

(2) All superintendents of public school districts and the presidents of each of the state public postsecondary education institutions identified in KRS 161.220(4)(b) or 164.001(12) or (16) shall be responsible for designating and submitting the names and addresses of the attorneys to whom this information shall be disseminated to the Office of the Attorney General.

SECTION 2. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 171 IS CREATED TO
READ AS FOLLOWS:

The Department for Libraries and Archives shall, within sixty (60) days of the effective date of this Act, and thereafter, within sixty (60) days of the effective date of any

1 legislation amending the provisions of the Open Meetings Act, KRS 61.805 to 61.850,
 2 or the Open Records Act, KRS 61.870 to 61.884, deliver to the Office of the Attorney
 3 General written information that explains proper retention and management of public
 4 records, which information shall be included in the Office of the Attorney General's
 5 distributions as specified in Section 1 of this Act.

6 SECTION 3. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 65 IS CREATED TO
 7 READ AS FOLLOWS:

8 (1) County judge/executives and mayors, or their respective designees, shall
 9 distribute the written information provided by the Office of the Attorney General
 10 and the Department for Libraries and Archives under Sections 1 and 2 of this Act
 11 to each elected official and each member, whether elected or appointed, of every
 12 county and city legislative body, local government board, commission, authority,
 13 and committee, including boards of special districts, located within their
 14 respective jurisdictions. In the case of a board, commission, or authority created
 15 by joint action of a county or city, the county judge/executive and mayor, or their
 16 respective designees, shall distribute the written information to the members
 17 appointed by their respective jurisdictions. Distribution shall be accomplished
 18 within sixty (60) days of receiving the written information from the Office of the
 19 Attorney General and the Department for Libraries and Archives. Distribution to
 20 newly elected or appointed members shall be accomplished within sixty (60) days
 21 of their election or appointment. The distribution may be by electronic means.

22 (2) County judge/executives and mayors shall require signatory proof that each
 23 person identified in subsection (1) of this section has received the written
 24 information, shall maintain documentation of receipt on file, and shall certify to
 25 the Office of the Attorney General that the written information has been
 26 distributed as required.

27 SECTION 4. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 160 IS CREATED TO

1 READ AS FOLLOWS:

2 (1) Superintendents of public school districts shall distribute the written information
 3 provided by the Office of the Attorney General and the Department for Libraries
 4 and Archives under Sections 1 and 2 of this Act to each elected school board
 5 member and each school council member, as designated in KRS 160.345(2),
 6 within their respective districts. Distribution shall be accomplished within sixty
 7 (60) days of receiving the written information from the Office of the Attorney
 8 General and the Department for Libraries and Archives. Distribution to newly
 9 elected or appointed members shall be accomplished within sixty (60) days of
 10 their election or appointment. The distribution may be by electronic means.

11 (2) Superintendents shall require signatory proof that each school board member
 12 and school council member has received the written information as required
 13 under subsection (1) of this section, shall maintain documentation of receipt on
 14 file, and shall certify to the Office of the Attorney General that the written
 15 information has been distributed as required.

16 SECTION 5. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 164 IS CREATED TO
 17 READ AS FOLLOWS:

18 (1) The presidents of state postsecondary education institutions identified in KRS
 19 161.220(4)(b) or 164.001(12) or (16) shall distribute the written information
 20 provided by the Office of the Attorney General and the Department for Libraries
 21 and Archives under Sections 1 and 2 of this Act to each board of regents or
 22 governing board member of their university. Distribution shall be accomplished
 23 within sixty (60) days of receiving the written information from the Office of the
 24 Attorney General and the Department for Libraries and Archives. Distribution to
 25 newly appointed members shall be accomplished within sixty (60) days of their
 26 appointment. The distribution may be by electronic means.

27 (2) The presidents of state public postsecondary education institutions, as identified

in subsection (1) of this section, shall require signatory proof that each board of regents or governing board member has received the written information as required under subsection (1) of this section, shall maintain documentation of receipt on file, and shall certify to the Office of the Attorney General that the written information has been distributed as required.

Section 6. KRS 61.878 is amended to read as follows:

(1) The following public records are excluded from the application of KRS 61.870 to 61.884 and shall be subject to inspection only upon order of a court of competent jurisdiction, except that no court shall authorize the inspection by any party of any materials pertaining to civil litigation beyond that which is provided by the Rules of Civil Procedure governing pretrial discovery:

(a) Public records containing information of a personal nature where the public disclosure thereof would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;

(b) Records confidentially disclosed to an agency and compiled and maintained for scientific research. This exemption shall not, however, apply to records the disclosure or publication of which is directed by another statute;

(c) 1. Upon and after July 15, 1992, records confidentially disclosed to an agency or required by an agency to be disclosed to it, generally recognized as confidential or proprietary, which if openly disclosed would permit an unfair commercial advantage to competitors of the entity that disclosed the records;

2. Upon and after July 15, 1992, records confidentially disclosed to an agency or required by an agency to be disclosed to it, generally recognized as confidential or proprietary, which are compiled and maintained:

a. In conjunction with an application for or the administration of a

1 loan or grant;

2 b. In conjunction with an application for or the administration of
3 assessments, incentives, inducements, and tax credits as described
4 in KRS Chapter 154;

5 c. In conjunction with the regulation of commercial enterprise,
6 including mineral exploration records, unpatented, secret
7 commercially valuable plans, appliances, formulae, or processes,
8 which are used for the making, preparing, compounding, treating,
9 or processing of articles or materials which are trade commodities
10 obtained from a person; or

11 d. For the grant or review of a license to do business.

12 3. The exemptions provided for in subparagraphs 1. and 2. of this
13 paragraph shall not apply to records the disclosure or publication of
14 which is directed by another statute;

15 (d) Public records pertaining to a prospective location of a business or industry
16 where no previous public disclosure has been made of the business' or
17 industry's interest in locating in, relocating within or expanding within the
18 Commonwealth. This exemption shall not include those records pertaining to
19 application to agencies for permits or licenses necessary to do business or to
20 expand business operations within the state, except as provided in paragraph
21 (c) of this subsection;

22 (e) Public records which are developed by an agency in conjunction with the
23 regulation or supervision of financial institutions, including but not limited to,
24 banks, savings and loan associations, and credit unions, which disclose the
25 agency's internal examining or audit criteria and related analytical methods;

26 (f) The contents of real estate appraisals, engineering or feasibility estimates and
27 evaluations made by or for a public agency relative to acquisition of property,

1 until such time as all of the property has been acquired. The law of eminent
2 domain shall not be affected by this provision;

3 (g) Test questions, scoring keys, and other examination data used to administer a
4 licensing examination, examination for employment, or academic examination
5 before the exam is given or if it is to be given again;

6 (h) Records of law enforcement agencies or agencies involved in administrative
7 adjudication that were compiled in the process of detecting and investigating
8 statutory or regulatory violations if the disclosure of the information would
9 harm the agency by revealing the identity of informants not otherwise known
10 or by premature release of information to be used in a prospective law
11 enforcement action or administrative adjudication. Unless exempted by other
12 provisions of KRS 61.870 to 61.884, public records exempted under this
13 provision shall be open after enforcement action is completed or a decision is
14 made to take no action; however, records or information compiled and
15 maintained by county attorneys or Commonwealth's attorneys pertaining to
16 criminal investigations or criminal litigation shall be exempted from the
17 provisions of KRS 61.870 to 61.884 and shall remain exempted after
18 enforcement action, including litigation, is completed or a decision is made to
19 take no action. The exemptions provided by this subsection shall not be used
20 by the custodian of the records to delay or impede the exercise of rights
21 granted by KRS 61.870 to 61.884;

22 (i) Public or private records, including books, papers, maps, photographs,
23 cards, tapes, discs, diskettes, recordings, software, or other documentation
24 regardless of physical form or characteristics, having historic, literary,
25 artistic, or commemorative value accepted by the archivist of a public
26 university, museum, or government depository from a donor or depositor
27 other than a public agency. This exemption shall apply to the extent that

nondisclosure is requested in writing by the donor or depositor of such records, but shall not apply to records the disclosure or publication of which is mandated by another statute or by federal law;

(j) Preliminary drafts, notes, correspondence with private individuals, other than correspondence which is intended to give notice of final action of a public agency;

(k)~~(j)~~ Preliminary recommendations, and preliminary memoranda in which opinions are expressed or policies formulated or recommended;

(l)~~(k)~~ All public records or information the disclosure of which is prohibited by federal law or regulation; and

(m)~~(l)~~ Public records or information the disclosure of which is prohibited or restricted or otherwise made confidential by enactment of the General Assembly.

(2) No exemption in this section shall be construed to prohibit disclosure of statistical information not descriptive of any readily identifiable person.

(3) No exemption in this section shall be construed to deny, abridge, or impede the right of a public agency employee, including university employees, an applicant for employment, or an eligible on a register to inspect and to copy any record including preliminary and other supporting documentation that relates to him. The records shall include, but not be limited to, work plans, job performance, demotions, evaluations, promotions, compensation, classification, reallocation, transfers, layoffs, disciplinary actions, examination scores, and preliminary and other supporting documentation. A public agency employee, including university employees, applicant, or eligible shall not have the right to inspect or to copy any examination or any documents relating to ongoing criminal or administrative investigations by an agency.

(4) If any public record contains material which is not excepted under this section, the

1 public agency shall separate the excepted and make the nonexcepted material
2 available for examination.

3 (5) The provisions of this section shall in no way prohibit or limit the exchange of
4 public records or the sharing of information between public agencies when the
5 exchange is serving a legitimate governmental need or is necessary in the
6 performance of a legitimate government function.

7 Section 7. KRS 313.130 is amended to read as follows:

8 The board may issue a private admonishment, reprimand, or place on probation, or may
9 revoke, suspend, refuse to renew, or refuse to issue a license to any dentist for any of the
10 following causes:

11 (1) Conviction of any felony or conviction of only those misdemeanors involving moral
12 turpitude, in which case the record of conviction or a copy thereof, certified by the
13 clerk of the court or by the judge in whose court the conviction is had, shall be
14 conclusive evidence.

15 (2) Renting or lending to any person his license or diploma to be used as a license or
16 diploma, or illegally or fraudulently obtaining a license from the board.

17 (3) Unprofessional conduct, gross ignorance, or inefficiency in his profession or failure
18 to accumulate a sufficient number of points for continuing dental education as
19 prescribed by the board under the provisions of KRS 313.080.

20 (4) Violating any of the provisions of this chapter or any lawful order, rule, or
21 regulation made or issued under the provisions of this chapter.

22 (5) Addiction to a drug habit.

23 (6) Chronic or persistent alcoholism.

24 (7) Such physical or mental disability, or other condition, that continued practice would
25 be dangerous to patients or to the public.

26 A private admonishment shall not be subject to disclosure to the public under KRS
27 61.878(1)(~~m~~)(4)]. A private admonishment shall not constitute disciplinary action but

1 may be used by the board for statistical purposes or in subsequent disciplinary action
2 against the same licensee, certificate holder, or applicant.

3 Section 8. KRS 319.082 is amended to read as follows:

4 (1) The board may suspend, revoke, or refuse to issue or renew a license; may accept an
5 assurance of voluntary compliance; restrict, or place a credential holder on
6 probation; or issue an administrative reprimand or private admonishment upon
7 proof that the credential holder has:

8 (a) Committed any act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty, or corruption,
9 relating to the practice of psychology, whether the act constitutes a crime or
10 not. If the act constitutes a crime, conviction in a criminal proceeding is not a
11 condition precedent to disciplinary action. Upon conviction of such a crime,
12 the judgment and sentence is presumptive evidence at the ensuing disciplinary
13 hearing of the guilt of the licensee or applicant of the crime described in the
14 indictment or information and of the person's violation of the statute on which
15 it is based. For the purpose of this subsection, conviction includes all
16 instances in which a plea of guilty or nolo contendere is the basis for the
17 conviction and all proceedings in which the sentence has been deferred or
18 suspended;

19 (b) Misrepresented or concealed a material fact in obtaining a license, or in
20 reinstatement thereof;

21 (c) Committed any unfair, false, misleading, or deceptive act or practice;

22 (d) Been incompetent or negligent in the practice of psychology;

23 (e) Practiced psychology while under the suspension, revocation, or restriction of
24 the individual's license to practice by competent authority in any state, federal,
25 or foreign jurisdiction;

26 (f) Violated any state statute or administrative regulation governing the practice
27 of psychology;

- 1 (g) Unlawfully failed to cooperate with the board by:
 - 2 1. Not furnishing any papers or documents requested by the board;
 - 3 2. Not furnishing in writing a complete explanation covering the matter
 - 4 contained in the complaint filed with the board;
 - 5 3. Not appearing before the board at the time and place designated; or
 - 6 4. Not properly responding to subpoenas issued by the board;
- 7 (h) Failed to comply with an order issued by the board or an assurance of
- 8 voluntary compliance;
- 9 (i) Aided or abetted an unlicensed person to practice when a license or certificate
- 10 is required;
- 11 (j) Grossly overcharged for professional services;
- 12 (k) Practiced beyond the scope demonstrated by an appropriate combination of
- 13 knowledge, skill, experience, training, and education;
- 14 (l) Failed to provide adequate supervision for certified psychologists, licensed
- 15 psychological associates, applicants for licensure, or other staff;
- 16 (m) Been convicted of any misdemeanor or felony relating to the practice of
- 17 psychology. For the purposes of this subsection, conviction includes all
- 18 instances in which a plea of guilty or nolo contendere is the basis for
- 19 conviction and all proceedings in which the sentence has been deferred or
- 20 suspended;
- 21 (n) Physically abused or had sexual contact with a patient, client, student, or
- 22 supervisee;
- 23 (o) Been convicted of a misdemeanor offense under KRS Chapter 510 involving a
- 24 client, patient, or student, or a felony offense under KRS Chapter 510,
- 25 530.064, or 531.310, or been found by the board to have had sexual contact as
- 26 defined in KRS 510.010 with a client, patient, student, or supervisee;
- 27 (p) Improperly divulged confidential information;

1 (q) Exercised undue influence in such a manner as to exploit the client, patient,
 2 student, or supervisee for financial or other personal advantage to the
 3 practitioner or a third party;

4 (r) Showed an inability to practice psychology with reasonable skill and safety to
 5 patients or clients by reason of illness, misuse of drugs, narcotics, alcohol,
 6 chemicals, or any other substance, or as a result of any mental or physical
 7 condition; or

8 (s) Failed to comply with the requirements of the board for continuing education.

9 (2) Private admonishment shall not be subject to disclosure to the public under KRS
 10 61.878(1)(~~m~~)(1) and shall not constitute disciplinary action, but may be used by
 11 the board for statistical purposes or in subsequent disciplinary action against the
 12 credential holder or applicant.

13 (3) No unlawful act or violation of any provision of this chapter by any credential
 14 holder employed or supervised by a licensed psychologist shall be cause for the
 15 revocation of the supervisor's license, unless the board finds that the licensed
 16 psychologist had knowledge of it.

17 (4) Three (3) years from the date of a revocation, any person whose license has been
 18 revoked may petition the board for reinstatement. The board shall investigate his or
 19 her petition and may reinstate his or her license upon finding that the former
 20 licensee has complied with the provisions of this chapter and administrative
 21 regulations promulgated by the board and is again able to engage in the practice of
 22 psychology with reasonable skill, competency, and safety to the public.

23 (5) The board may, at its own discretion, reconsider, modify, or reverse its probations,
 24 suspensions, revocations, restrictions, or refusals to issue or renew licenses at any
 25 time.

26 Section 9. KRS 327.070 is amended to read as follows:

27 (1) The board, after due notice and an opportunity for an administrative hearing

1 conducted in accordance with KRS Chapter 13B may take any one (1) or a
 2 combination of the following actions against any licensee, certificate holder, or
 3 applicant:

- 4 (a) Refuse to license or certify any applicant;
- 5 (b) Refuse to renew the license or certificate of any person;
- 6 (c) Suspend or revoke or place on probation the license or certificate of any
 7 person;
- 8 (d) Impose restrictions on the scope of practice of any person;
- 9 (e) Issue an administrative reprimand to any person;
- 10 (f) Issue a private admonishment to any person; and
- 11 (g) Impose fines for violations of this chapter not to exceed two thousand five
 12 hundred dollars (\$2,500).

13 (2) The following acts by a licensee, certificate holder, or applicant may be considered
 14 cause for disciplinary action:

- 15 (a) Indulgence in excessive use of alcoholic beverages or abusive use of
 16 controlled substances;
- 17 (b) Engaging in, permitting, or attempting to engage in or permit the performance
 18 of substandard patient care by himself or by persons working under his
 19 supervision due to a deliberate or negligent act or failure to act, regardless of
 20 whether actual injury to the patient is established;
- 21 (c) Having engaged in or attempted to engage in a course of lewd or immoral
 22 conduct with any person:
 - 23 1. While that person is a patient of a health care facility defined by KRS
 24 216B.015 where the physical therapist or physical therapist's assistant
 25 provides physical therapy services; or
 - 26 2. While that person is a patient or client of the physical therapist or
 27 physical therapist's assistant;

- 1 (d) Having sexual contact, as defined by KRS 510.010(7), without the consent of
- 2 both parties, with an employee or coworker of the licensee or certificate
- 3 holder;
- 4 (e) Sexually harassing an employee or coworker of the licensee or certificate
- 5 holder;
- 6 (f) Conviction of a felony or misdemeanor in the courts of this state or any other
- 7 state, territory, or country which affects his ability to continue to practice
- 8 competently and safely on the public. "Conviction," as used in this paragraph,
- 9 shall include a finding or verdict of guilt, an admission of guilt, or a plea of
- 10 nolo contendere;
- 11 (g) Obtaining or attempting to obtain a license or certificate by fraud or material
- 12 misrepresentation or making any other false statement to the board;
- 13 (h) Engaging in fraud or material deception in the delivery of professional
- 14 services, including reimbursement, or advertising services in a false or
- 15 misleading manner;
- 16 (i) Evidence of gross negligence or gross incompetence in his practice of physical
- 17 therapy;
- 18 (j) Documentation of being declared mentally disabled by a court of competent
- 19 jurisdiction and not thereafter having had his rights restored;
- 20 (k) Failing or refusing to obey any lawful order or administrative regulation of the
- 21 board;
- 22 (l) Promoting for personal gain an unnecessary device, treatment, procedure, or
- 23 service, or directing or requiring a patient to purchase a device, treatment,
- 24 procedure, or service from a facility or business in which he has a financial
- 25 interest; and
- 26 (m) Being impaired by reason of a mental, physical, or other condition that
- 27 impedes his or her ability to practice competently.

- 1 (3) A private admonishment shall not be subject to disclosure to the public under KRS
 2 61.878(1)(~~m~~)(4). A private admonishment shall not constitute disciplinary action
 3 but may be used by the board for statistical purposes or in subsequent disciplinary
 4 action against the same licensee, certificate holder, or applicant.

5 Section 10. KRS 342.347 is amended to read as follows:

- 6 (1) The commissioner or his designee shall have power to examine the financial
 7 condition and affairs related to workers' compensation of any individual self-
 8 insureds or self-insured groups and shall have free access to books and documents
 9 relating to the self-insurance activities of the entity. The commissioner shall so
 10 examine each self-insured not less frequently than once every four (4) years.
 11 Information obtained through the examination shall be exempt from disclosure,
 12 under KRS 61.878(1)(~~k~~)(4).

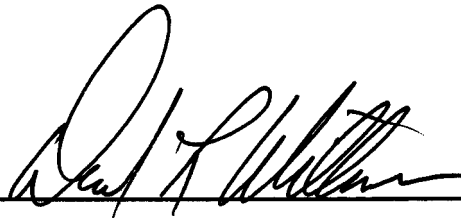
- 13 (2) All individual self-insured employers and self-insurance groups shall file with the
 14 commissioner a statement of financial condition audited by an independent certified
 15 public accountant on or before one hundred twenty (120) days from the end of the
 16 self-insured's fiscal year for the immediately preceding fiscal year. For self-
 17 insurance groups, the financial statement shall include an actuarial opinion by a
 18 member or fellow of the Casualty Actuarial Society and a supporting reserve study
 19 regarding reserves for claims and expenses associated therewith. The reserve study
 20 shall include documentation sufficient for another actuary practicing in the same
 21 field to evaluate the work. The documentation shall describe clearly the sources of
 22 data, material assumptions, and methods used. Such documentation shall include,
 23 but not be limited to, the following:

- 24 (a) Case reserves on known cases by accident period, both for losses and
 25 allocated loss adjustment expenses;
 26 (b) Estimates of claims that have been incurred but not reported by accident
 27 period for both losses and allocated loss adjustment expenses;

- 1 (c) The method of discounting and the discount rate selected for case reserves and
2 incurred but not reported losses; and
- 3 (d) Estimates of ultimate losses and allocated loss adjustment expenses for the
4 prospective accident period and unallocated loss adjustment reserves.
- 5 (3) The expense of examination shall be borne by the entity examined and shall include
6 reasonable lodging and travel expenses of the commissioners' designees, and expert
7 assistance as necessarily incurred in the examination.
- 8 (4) The Department of Insurance shall approve the form and contents of excess
9 insurance policies and upon request of the commissioner shall review the
10 application for approval of any self-insured and render an opinion as to the
11 sufficiency of the excess insurance policies or other security posted by the applicant.
- 12 (5) Not less often than biennially the commissioner of the Department of Insurance
13 shall review the activities, procedures, administrative regulations, and policies of
14 the Department of Workers' Claims and make such recommendations to the
15 Governor and legislative committees as may be appropriate to strengthen the
16 oversight of self-insureds so that payment of liabilities to workers under this chapter
17 is assured.



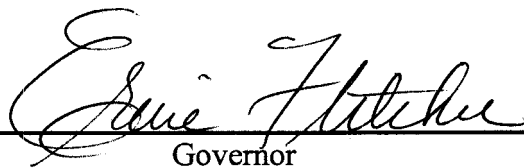
Speaker-House of Representatives



President of the Senate

Attest: 

Chief Clerk of House of Representatives

Approved 

Governor

Date 